

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION P.O. Box 61470 Boulder City, NV 89006-1470



IN REPLY REFER TO: LCB-4225 2.2.4.23

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL ONLY

Ron Turner Acting Manager Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District 14329 South 4th Avenue Extension Yuma, AZ 85365

Subject: Approval of Calendar Year (CY) 2023 Colorado River Water Diversion – Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District (YMIDD)

Dear Ron Turner:

The Bureau of Reclamation received YMIDD's CY 2023 Colorado River water diversion estimate in which YMIDD requests approval to divert up to 230,252 acre-feet (AF) in CY 2023. In accordance with Title 43, Code of Federal Regulations Part 417 (Part 417), this letter provides YMIDD with notice of my determination regarding YMIDD's proposed diversion and beneficial use of Colorado River water for CY 2023.

YMIDD is entitled to divert its equitable share of the quantity of Colorado River water available to satisfy consumptive use on lands within the Yuma Mesa Division (Division) of the Gila Project. This entitlement is in accordance with YMIDD's contract with the United States and the Regional Director's final administrative determination, dated December 27, 2001, establishing appropriate and equitable shares of the Division's Colorado River water entitlement among YMIDD, North Gila Valley Irrigation District, and Yuma Irrigation District.

On August 16, 2022, Reclamation released its Colorado River Basin August 2022 24-Month Study, which projects Lake Mead's January 1, 2023, operating determination elevation to be 1,047.61 feet.¹ In its letter dated September 14, 2022, Reclamation announced that, in accordance with the 2007 Interim Guidelines,² Lake Mead and the lower Colorado River will operate in a Tier 2 Shortage Condition in CY 2023.³ In addition, the 2019 *Lower Basin Drought Contingency Plan Agreement* (LB DCP Agreement) will also govern the operation of Lake Mead for CY 2023.

¹ The CY 2023 operating determination elevation of 1,047.61 feet was calculated by taking Lake Mead's projected end of CY 2022 physical elevation of 1,040.78 feet, as reported in the August 2022 24-Month Study, and adding 480,000 AF of water held back in Lake Powell to Lake Mead's capacity to maintain operational neutrality. Additional information is available at: https://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/24mo/.

² Referring to Colorado River Interim Guidelines for Lower Basin Shortages and the Coordinated Operations for Lake Powell and Lake Mead dated December 13, 2007.

³ The projected operation determination elevation of 1,047.61 feet is within the Drought Contingency Plan elevation band of 1,045 and 1,050 feet and reflects what is commonly referred to a "Tier 2a" Shortage Condition.

In accordance with Section XI.G.2.D.1.b of the 2007 Interim Guidelines, 2.4 million AF is apportioned for consumptive use in the state of Arizona in CY 2023 (a reduction of 400,000 AF from its 2.8 million AF basic apportionment). Additionally, in accordance with Section III.B.1.a of Exhibit 1 to the LB DCP Agreement,⁴ the state of Arizona will be required to make DCP Contributions in the total amount of 192,000 AF in CY 2023.

Consistent with the Arizona mainstream Colorado River water priority system, there are no reductions to the water supply available to first, second and third priority entitlement holders for CY 2023. As noted in Reclamation's September 14th letter, the Arizona fourth priority Colorado River water available supply for CY 2023 is 1,078,962 AF on a consumptive use basis. Of this amount, 106,318 AF,⁵ on a diversion basis, is available for distribution among mainstream fourth priority entitlement holders for use in CY 2023 in accordance with the state of Arizona's August 6, 2009, Arizona Shortage Sharing Recommendation⁶ and the "pool" approach described by letter dated January 25, 2021.⁷ Reclamation has determined that the available Arizona mainstream fourth priority water supply is sufficient to satisfy all initial on-river mainstream water orders for CY 2023. However, given the limited available supply, requests for modifications to increase approved water order amounts will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to ensure approved volumes do not collectively exceed the 106,318 AF of available supply. Arizona fifth priority and/or sixth priority entitlements will not be available for diversion in CY 2023.

Based upon the Shortage Condition determination, a review of the CY 2023 diversion estimate provided by YMIDD, and the information gathered during Reclamation's Part 417 consultation, I approve the diversion of up to 230,252 AF of Colorado River water during CY 2023 for use in YMIDD's service area. Nothing in this approval should be construed as authorizing the Division to exceed its annual consumptive use entitlement of 250,000 AF of Colorado River water.

Reclamation would like to highlight that, in accordance with the *Inadvertent Overrun and Payback Policy*,⁸ accumulations of inadvertent overruns are not permitted in CY 2023 and are suspended as long as a Shortage Condition is in effect. To assist entitlement holders in monitoring their Colorado River water use to ensure they remain within available quantities, Reclamation will project CY 2023 diversions and consumptive use of Colorado River water during CY 2023 and will make these projections available daily on Reclamation's website⁹ beginning in January 2023. Reclamation encourages Colorado River water entitlement holders to use the projections to adjust diversions to remain within their Reclamation-approved annual Colorado River water order.

⁴ Referring to Lower Basin Drought Contingency Operations. Available at:

https://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/dcpdocs/Attachment-B-Exhibit-1-LB-Drought-Operations.pdf.

⁵ The mainstream pool will receive 9.85% of the Arizona fourth priority Colorado River water available for CY 2023, calculated as 164,652 AF divided by the difference between Arizona's 2,800,000 AF basic apportionment and the average historical consumptive use by Arizona first, second, and third priority users (1,129,038 AF). The average historical consumptive use by Arizona first, second, and third priority users is based on the four highest years of consumptive use during the five-year period from 2017-2021.

⁶ Available at: https://new.azwater.gov/sites/default/files/8-6-2009_ADWR_Shortage_%20ecommendation.pdf

⁷ Available at: https://new.azwater.gov/sites/default/files/01.25.21_ADWR_CAWCD_shortage_recommendationLetter.pdf.

⁸ Available at: https://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/IOPP.pdf.

⁹ Available at: https://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/hourly/forecast.pdf.

Thank you for submitting YMIDD's diversion estimate for CY 2023. Should you have questions, please contact Jeremy Dodds, Water Accounting and Verification Group Manager, at (702) 293-8164 or jdodds@usbr.gov. Individuals in the United States, who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunication relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

Sincerely,

JACKLYNN GOULD Jacklynn L. Gould, P.E. Regional Director

John Entsminger General Manager Southern Nevada Water Authority 1001 South Valley View Boulevard, MS 480 Las Vegas, NV 89153

Rex C. Green Manager Yuma Irrigation District 9510 South Avenue 7 E Yuma, AZ 85365

Wm. Edward Harrison President North Gila Valley Irrigation District 1405 West 16th Street, Suite A Yuma, AZ 85364

cc: Christopher S. Harris Executive Director Colorado River Board of California 770 Fairmont Avenue, Suite 100 Glendale, CA 91203

> Eric P. Witkoski Executive Director Colorado River Commission of Nevada 555 East Washington Avenue, Suite 3100 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Thomas Buschatzke Director Arizona Department of Water Resources P.O. Box 36020 Phoenix, AZ 85067-6020